COVID-19 CONSUMER RESEARCH WAVE 26 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

September 3 - 5, 2020





MDC and The Harris Poll have partnered to conduct research to monitor the pulse of the American Consumer.

The executive summaries on the pages that follow provide insight into current consumer attitudes and behavior and can be used to help navigate the changing industry landscape. We hope this information proves useful to you and your team as you address these changes in real time and strategize for your next moves.

As always, we are here to help. Please don't hesitate to contact us with any questions you may have.

Positively,

Ryan Linder + The MDC Family

Global Chief Marketing Officer, EVP



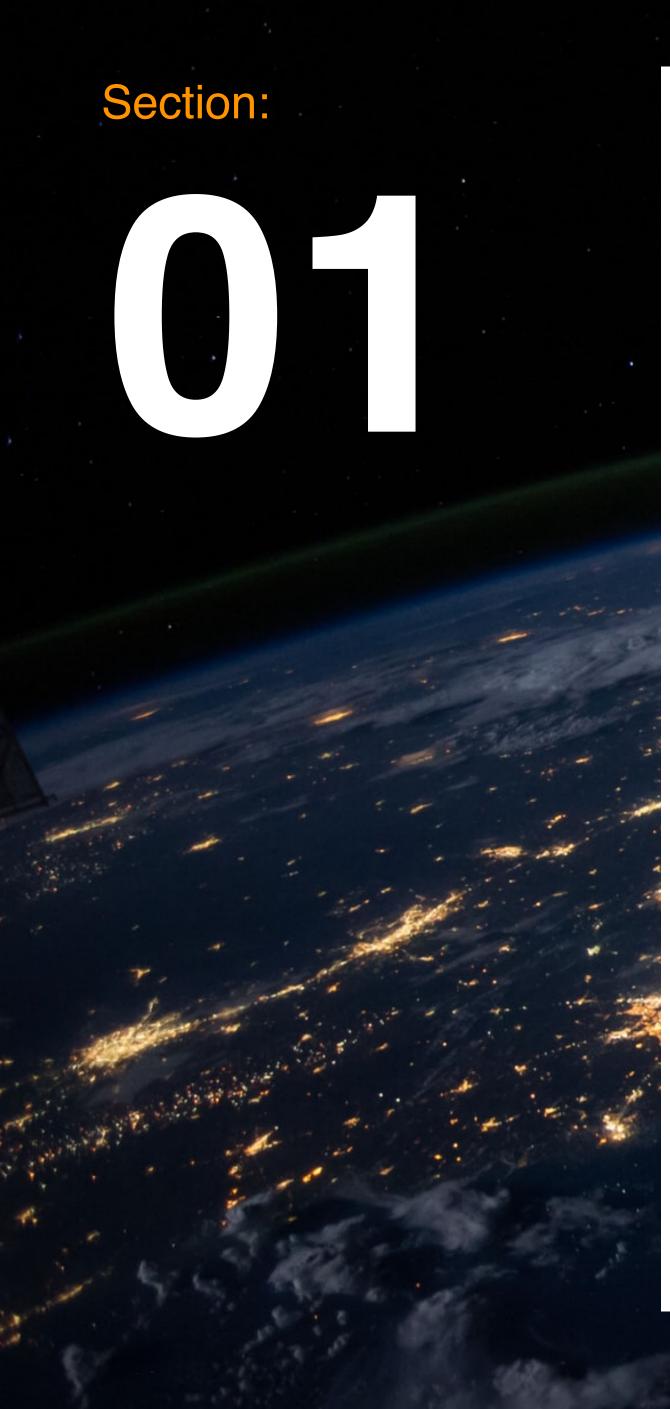
WAVE 26 INTRODUCTION

The following research was conducted between

September 3-5, 2020 by The Harris Poll. Fielded

among a nationally representative sample of

2,022 U.S adults, the newest research demonstrates
how consumers' perceptions are rapidly shifting as
new developments emerge.



Topic:

WHO'S BEST TO DISTRIBUTE A COVID-19 VACCINE?

Introduction:

As news of a COVID-19 vaccine feels seemingly within reach, the world will soon turn to the daunting next phase: the logistics of distribution.

- When it comes to who is best prepared to distribute the vaccine once it is ready, Americans **are divided in who they trust**: 34% say the states, 30% say the federal government, and just 13% say private companies.
- As with most things in America, there is a partisan divide on how prepared the country is to deliver a COVID-19 vaccine. While the country as a whole is split, 47% say the country is prepared and 53% say it is not prepared, nearly two-thirds (64%) of Republicans say we are prepared vs. only 35% of Democrats.
- How critical is a COVID-19 vaccine to returning to normal? Nearly half (47%) of Americans say it will make them comfortable to do certain activities again, such as fly on a plane, go to the gym, or go to large events.
- The CDC has told states to prepare to distribute a vaccine as early as
 November, while nine biopharmaceutical companies <u>signed a pledge</u> vowing
 any vaccine submitted for approval will be safe and effective in order to
 provide confidence to consumers.
- However, some worry the vaccine may not be the definitive solution to the
 pandemic as many are hoping. Why? Because, as the Economist warns,
 conspiracy theories around vaccinations may prevent it from creating herd
 immunity. In our polling from August 16, nearly one-third (31%) of
 Americans say they won't get the vaccine as soon as it becomes
 available.

Implication:

The creation of a COVID-19 vaccine will likely not bring an immediate end to the pandemic without a well-executed distribution plan and public confidence in receiving the vaccine. From approval to creating vials to distribution to administering the shot, vaccinating the global population will be an unprecedented logistical challenge.

Topic:

SOME AMERICANS WENT TO MOVIES THIS WEEKEND. MANY DID NOT. HERE'S WHY.

Introduction:

Any other year would have seen Americans flocking to the movie theater to see the summer blockbusters, but in 2020 the pandemic has put a hold on most big releases until consumers are comfortable returning to the theater.

- Over the holiday weekend, Christopher Nolan's new thriller 'Tenet' debuted in theaters after significant delays due to the pandemic and was a major test for theaters nationwide. As CNBC frames it, "'Tenet' in pre-covid times would have been expected to tally between \$35 million and \$55 million during its opening weekend, on par with other Nolan films like 'Interstellar' and 'Inception.' The \$20 million is reflective of a 50% cap on attendance at theaters and that only around 65% of cinemas have reopened to the public."
- Being indoors and in close proximity to other viewers is a no go for most Americans during the pandemic: 70% of Americans say movie theaters are more dangerous than other types of public gatherings right now, and an equal number (71%) say they would not feel safe in a movie theater right now

- To get attendees into the seats, movie theaters will need to adopt the 'select all that apply' approach of most businesses: two thirds of Americans (66%) say social distancing and a limit to the number of people allowed in are among the most important things a movie theater could do during COVID-19, followed by 63% saying thoroughly cleaning theaters, 61% want to see mandatory masks throughout the theater, and 58% say hand sanitizer stations throughout.
- Is the theater half-empty or half-full? Nearly half 47% of Americans say 25% capacity is an appropriate level to operate at, while 41% say 50% capacity is appropriate. Only 1 in 10 (12%) say a 75% capacity is appropriate.

Implication:

There are certain types of activities - sporting events, concerts, going to the movies - which rely on a crowd as part of the experience and will be among the last to return to what we once considered to be normal. Until then, the movie industry will be looking at half-full theaters, drive-ins, and direct-to-streaming options. What movie theaters will look like post-COVID remains unclear: nearly three-fifths (58%) of Americans are worried they might not survive.

Topic:

IS WORK-FROM-HOME WORKING?

Introduction:

Work-from-home is here to stay, at least until after the pandemic ends. What will the future of remote work look like?

- Most Americans (70%) are currently working or have the ability to work from home during the pandemic. Remote life skews younger: three-fourths (74%) of Gen Z/Millennials and 75% of Gen X are able to work from home, while just under three-fifths (58%) of Boomers are able to.
- Americans strongly support working-from-home during the pandemic: a majority (86%) say employees should be allowed to work-from-home during the pandemic until they feel comfortable to return (86%). And it's here to stay for the foreseeable future: three-fifths (60%) say it is likely they will continue to work remotely this fall and 84% agree if the work is able to be done remotely, employers should not require their employees to return to the office until COVID-19 is no longer a threat.
- Some Americans have adjusted to remote life: one-quarter (25%) say their productivity has increased, while just under one-fifth (18%) say their productivity has decreased.
- While many Americans have become fans of remote working, there is at least one prominent critic: Netflix CEO Reed Hastings tells the Wall Street Journal he doesn't "see any positives. Not being able to get together in person, particularly internationally, is a pure negative. I've been super impressed at people's sacrifices."

Implication:

Despite the convenience and security of working-from-home, it will never perfectly replace the benefits of face-to-face interaction among colleagues. After the relative success of the forced work-from-home experiment, businesses will need to adapt to workers' demands.

Topic:

SUMMER'S GONE, BUT STRESS IS NOT

Introduction:

With Labor Day Weekend behind us, summer and the slight mental escape it offers is officially behind us. And with it, Americans see increasing stress as we head into the fall phase of the pandemic.

- With a presidential election and a historic pandemic coinciding, the future of the country (43%) is causing more stress among Americans than going back to school (34%), personal finances (29%), the upcoming holidays (28%), physical health (25%), and work (24%).
- Our stress is causing stress for...our dentist? As the New York Times reports, "from COVID-induced nightmares to 'doomsurfing' to 'coronaphobia,' it's no secret that pandemic-related anxiety is affecting our collective mental health. That stress, in turn, leads to clenching and grinding, which can damage the teeth."
- As Americans continue to stay home as much as possible, how are they passing the time to ease the stress and anxiety? More than three-fifths (63%) are watching more TV; 49% are listening to more music; 42% are spending more time with family; 35% have been working out, and 35% are playing video games.
- But despite the increased stress resulting from the pandemic, American households are experiencing some silver linings: 71% of married individuals say the pandemic has had a positive impact on their marriage; only 29% say it has been negative. And three-fifths (60%) of those with kids doing virtual schooling say the alternative method had had a positive impact on their household.

Implication:

Pandemic-induced stress is changing everything from our consumer habits to our health and relationships.

Горіс:

THE DEATH OF THE OFFICE?

Introduction:

With support of work-from-home here to stay until the pandemic is over and workers feel comfortable to return, will the office ever be the same?

- In a survey The Harris Poll conducted for Crain's Chicago Business, we found less than one-third (31%) of business people in Chicago say there will be no change in the amount of office space they will lease after the COVID-19 pandemic. Nearly half (47%) plan to reduce their office space in some capacity, though only (4%) say they are not planning on keeping any.
- Office space isn't the only area business people in Chicago are pessimistic about: 57% say business conditions in the Chicago metro area have deteriorated over the last month. However, feelings are mixed about where the Chicago economy will be in six months: 41% say the economy will be in good condition, while 23% say fair and 37% say it will be in bad condition.
- But it's not just COVID-related effects holding businesses back: 26% of business people in Chicago say taxes are the biggest issue holding businesses back in Chicago, while 20% say the economy, 19% say crime, 11% say employment issues, and 10% say the bureaucracy.
- And it's not just Chicago: <u>The New York Times dives into</u> what will happen to all that Manhattan office space, writing "as they grow accustomed to working from home, many businesses are delaying signing new leases until rents drop and the pandemic passes."

Implication:

From the lunchtime spots to the retail shops in business districts across the nation, workers piling into office space is an economy unto its own. One of the biggest unanswered questions of the pandemic is when workers will start to return en masse and the lingering effect this will have on local economies.

Questions?

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